

D5499

SHANGHAI MUNICIPALITY
C. S. B. R. C.
No. D
10 1 1933

Copy of an extract from Daily Report of 12.12.33.

Anniversary of the Canton Uprising

Apart from a quantity of communist handbills being scattered on roads in the Louza and Pootoo Road Districts, the 6th Anniversary of the Canton Uprising on December 11 passed without any untoward incident.

No. D 5499
Date 13, 12, 33.

December 13, 1933.

Morning Translation.

China Times and other local newspapers:

PUBLIC SAFETY BUREAU TO TAKE CENSUS

A census is to be taken by the Bureau of Public Safety. In view of the tense situation arising from the rebellion in Fukien, severe punishment will be inflicted on persons failing to report an increase or decrease in their households.

Instructions have been issued by the Bureau of Public Safety to the police to continue for to-day the special precautions which have been in force for two days.

Min Pao and other local newspapers :-

PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES ADOPTED BY THE CHINESE
AUTHORITIES

Upon receipt of information to the effect that local communists would create disturbances on December 11 and 12, the Anniversary of Canton Uprising, the Municipality of Greater Shanghai instructed the Public Safety Bureau and the Peace Preservation Corps to adopt special precautions. The Settlement authorities were also requested to act in like manner.

In consequence of these precautionary measures no untoward incidents occurred.

The Municipality of Greater Shanghai also instructed the military and police authorities to adopt winter precautions, and to detail more policemen for duty at important intersections.

Between midnight and 6 a.m. today vehicles and pedestrians were not allowed on the roads.

Yesterday Mayor Wu Ta-chen made the following statement.

"The activities for the bandit suppression in Kiangsi are in progress and these bandits will be suppressed in the near future.

"Regarding the Fokien movement, definite steps will be taken by the Central authorities in the near future.

"During the present national crisis no activities which affect the good order of the community will be permitted and the people throughout the country should unite and support the Central authorities."

Yesterday a joint proclamation was issued by the Woosung-Guanghai Garrison Commission and the Municipality of Greater Shanghai urging the residents not to believe the rumours spread by reactionary elements.

December 12, 1933.

Morning Translation

Shun Pao and other local newspapers:-

OFFICE OF "LIVELIHOOD WEEKLY" SEARCHED BY FRENCH POLICE

Informed that the "Livelihood Weekly" printed at 150 Rue Vallon, has published articles of a reactionary nature, the French Police at once secured a search warrant from the Second Shanghai Special District Court and searched the office yesterday morning. Some 100 copies of the publication were seized and taken to the Police Station.

As the people responsible for the publication were not in Shanghai, no arrests were made.

Shun Pao and other local newspapers:-

PRIVATE LETTER DELIVERY OFFICES TO CLOSE

According to the statement of a departmental chief of the General Post Office, the Ministry of Communications has ordered all private letter delivery offices to close at the end of the year 1934, because these offices affect the income of the Post Office. Detailed measures to enforce the order will be devised by the Chief of the Post Office and the Minister of Communications.

Chen Pao and other local newspapers:

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS ON THE ANNIVERSARY OF CANTON UPRISING.

The Municipality of Greater Shanghai recently received a confidential report to the effect that the radical elements in Shanghai will take advantage of the Anniversary of the Canton Uprising on December 11 to create disturbances. Consequently the Municipality immediately instructed the Wootung-Shanghai Garrison Commissioner's Headquarters, the Peace Preservation Corps of the Municipality, the Bureau of Public Safety and the Peace Maintenance Corps to adopt special precautionary measures on that day. The Municipality also requested the S.M.P. and the F.M.P. to co-operate.

Vehicles and pedestrians will not be allowed on the streets at Pootung, Kiangwan, Chenju and the Central Zone between 12.30 and 8 a.m. December 12.

Precautions were also adopted yesterday in the International Settlement and the French Concession.

Fearing that the reactionary elements may postpone their activities, the Chinese authorities will also adopt precautions to-day.

N. D. 5499

December 22, 1933

Political (2)

Returned Overseas Chinese - left for Taichow

The twelve Chinese who returned from Japan⁶ owing to the impossibility of doing business there and who were staying in the Sing Zung Hotel, Nantao, (Vide I.R. 9/12/33) left for Taichow by s.s. "Chusan" at 6 p.m. December 11.

Anniversary of the Canton Uprising

Apart from a quantity of communist handbills being scattered on roads in the Louza and Footoo Road Districts, the 6th Anniversary of the Canton Uprising on December 11 passed without any untoward incident.

Communist Propaganda - Court proceedings

Li Doong Shing (李東生) alias Dah Sieu (大少) and Zung Wong Sz (鍾永成) alias Dos Tsoh Ziang (杜作祥), who were arrested by the Municipal Police on December 9 and 10 respectively in the Wayside District (Vide I.R. 11/12/33), appeared before the Second Branch Kiangsu High Court on December 11 when an application for their extradition by the Chinese Authorities was granted.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY
No. D 5499
Date 11, 12, 33

December 11, 1933.

Morning Translation.

Central China Daily News and other local newspapers:

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS BEING ENFORCED IN CHINESE TERRITORY
TO-DAY

To-day being the Anniversary of the Canton Uprising, special precautions have been proclaimed by the Chinese authorities. In anticipation of reactionary elements distributing pamphlets and creating disturbances, the number of post duty police has been doubled, pedestrians will be searched, and the police of the Municipality will cooperate with the police of the French Concession and the International Settlement. Motor car patrols of the Public Safety Bureau have been instructed to observe the movements of reactionaries in Nantao and Chapei.

STAC-6813 2-10-33

C. & S. B. P. 31

Special Branch, No. D

December 11, 1933.

Communication Control Room,

Please circulate the following
message :

"Information has been received by the
"Chinese Authorities that the disturbances
"planned by communists and others hostile to
"the Government, and scheduled to take place
"to-day, have been partly postponed till
"to-morrow, December 12."

Circulated

[Signature]

[Signature]

have been partly
postponed till
the summer

Information has been
received by the
Chinese authorities that
the disturbances ^{planned by} ~~with~~
communists, ~~that~~ and
other ~~members~~ ^{hostile} who
are ~~in~~ ^{and} ~~the~~ ^{planned}
to take place to-day,

TRANSLATION

Shanghai Bureau of Public Safety

Secret Order No.402

The Bureau has received a secret order No.166 from the Soong Wu Garrison Commissioner's Headquarters to the effect that at a joint meeting held by some 20 members of the Social Democratic Party, the Third Party, and the Nationalist Party in Room No.227 Hsin Wei Tsong Hotel (新惠中), Hankow Road, on November 30, it was decided that they will unanimously stage a riot in Shanghai on December 12, and also Order No.189 from the same Authority giving the information that the "Red" bandits will carry out a motor car procession and create disturbances on the occasion of the Anniversary of the Canton Uprising which falls on December 11. The Divisions of this Bureau are hereby warned to instruct detectives ^{as} as well/constables to keep strict observation in the vicinity of pieces of vacant ground in their respective areas that can be used ^{as} as rendezvous or meeting places and to pay special attention to motor car processions if there are any on December 11. Persons who conduct reactionary activities are to be arrested and sent to the Bureau for interrogation.

The Bureau has also been reported that communists will stage demonstrations on December 13 when the Police are expected to take a rest after diligent services performed by them on December 11 and 12. Therefore the same precautionary measures taken on December 11 and 12 are to be taken on December 13 in order that ruffians will not be given opportunity to create disturbances.

The Chief of the Bureau of Public Safety

Weng Hung on.

SI: Please circulate message as drafted so that stations will be in the loop.
[Signature]

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
File No. 8-Regd

No. D Station,

C.C. Special Branch

REPORT

Date Dec 11 1933

Subject (in full) The 5th Anniversary of the Canton Uprising - December 11 :

Possible activities by local communists.

Made by D.I. Kua Pao-hwa

Forwarded by

J. J. [Signature]

Agents A-3225, A-4564 and A-3264 report that local "Red" elements plan to hold demonstrations and distribute communist handbills at the following places on the evening of December 11 :-

Louza District - Between 6.30 p.m. and 8 p.m.

In the vicinity of the Sincere Departmental Store, Nanking Road, and on Chekiang Road near Pakhoi Road.

Eastern District - Between 5.30 p.m. and 7 p.m.

At the junction of Yangchow and Fenchow Roads and in the vicinity of Lingling Road Market.

Western District - Between 5.30 p.m. and 7 p.m.

Tonquin-Macao Road junction to Ichang Road.

Kua Pao-hwa

D. I.

Officer i/c Special Branch.

Copies sent with midday delivery to :-

D.C. (Div)

D.O. "A"

D.O. "B"

D.O. "D"

C.I. de Louza

Ench de Pootro Rd

C.I. de Julien Rd

J.R.

File [Signature]

MANHATTAN MUNICIPAL PC

C. S. B. REGI

No. D

Date / /

INTELLIGENCE REPORT

December 9, 1953

Anniversary of G. I. Union Meeting, December 11 -

Possible communist observance

Information from various sources indicates that a call had been made all over the city for the anniversary of isolated dissemination of literature and possibly small demonstrations of the usual "shout and run" type.

COPY OF TELEPHONE MESSAGE

12.10 p.m. 9.12.33 from D.O. "C" to all Stations of
"C" Division:-

Report has been received that communist
elements may attempt to demonstrate and distribute
pamphlets in early morning on the 10th and 11th
Inst. Warn all night duties to watch for
pamphlets being posted on walls, etc.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

S.2, Special Branch
Date December 8 1933

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.
File No.

No. D. 2491

Subject (in full) The 6th Anniversary of the Canton Uprising - December 11.

Made by D.I. Kuh Pao-hwa Forwarded by *Bo Ernest, S.S.*

I forward herewith copies of five communist handbills bearing on the forthcoming 6th Anniversary of the Canton Uprising which falls on December 11, 1933. These leaflets, which came into the possession of the Municipal Police through Agents A-4267 and A-7138 on December 6, were issued by the Kiangsu Provincial Committee of the Chinese Communist Party and the Central Committee of the Communist Youth League.

According to information obtained by Agents A-2764 and A-2827, the local Chinese Communist Party has instructed its various district branches and cells to intensify the propaganda movement by the surreptitious dissemination of handbills and the hoisting of red cloth banners bearing the Soviet insignia and appropriate inscriptions relating to the anniversary on shop fronts, trees and electric standards during the early mornings of days preceeding the December 11 Anniversary.

Despite the exhortations of the Chinese Communist Party and Communist Youth League to the labouring masses to declare a general strike and to stage street demonstrations to commemorate the approaching event, it is unlikely that demonstrations of any magnitude will take place. It can be expected, however, that minor street demonstrations by small parties of communist adherents will occur on December 11. A further report containing definite information on possible happenings to be expected on that date will be forwarded on the eve of the anniversary.

Item included in No. 79/12/33 HK

ack 15.12.33 to reporting com. sec. FR

File 79/12/33

Sub. Sec. Sec.

Sh. (P. 1)

Clear 1/2 Special Branch.

SUMMARIZED TRANSLATION OF A COMMUNIST BROCHURE ENTITLED
"MANIFESTO IN COMMEMORATION OF THE ANNIVERSARY OF THE CANTON
UPRISING AND SUPPORT OF THE SECOND NATIONAL CONGRESS OF SOVIET
REPRESENTATIVES", ISSUED BY THE KINGSU PROVINCIAL COMMITTEE
OF THE CHINESE COMMUNIST PARTY AND DATED DECEMBER 11, 1933.

To the toiling masses throughout the country,

To-day is the 6th anniversary of the Canton Uprising which resulted in the establishment of the first Soviet regime in China and the disclosure of the atrocities committed by the ruling classes.

The present anniversary of the Canton Uprising is marred by the imperialistic Kuomintang which is madly engaged in the 5th Anti-Communist Campaign to massacre labouring and peasant masses. The foreign imperialists have become more energetic in their endeavours to partition China and the Kuomintang is clearing the way for the foreign imperialists in a most subservient manner. China has therefore only two ways before her, to be Colonized or Sovietized. On the day of the anniversary the Second National Congress of Soviet Representatives will be convened and for this reason we may say that the anniversary this year is of special significance.

At the time of the Canton Uprising the Kuomintang, under the protection of imperialistic gunboats (? foreign gunboats), massacred 8,000 labourers and peasants in Canton during a period of three days. That, however, was only the beginning of the White Terrorism of the Kuomintang and since then the Kuomintang has intensified "White Terrorism" and the massacre of labourers and peasants. In "White territory" (Territory under Kuomintang control) The Kuomintang resorts to measures such as abduction, cruel torture, burial of people alive, wholesale massacre, etc., in dealing with labouring and peasant masses and other revolutionary elements. As regards Soviet areas, the Kuomintang mobilizes all its reactionary forces to butcher labourers and peasants by using heavy guns, aeroplanes and gas. In exchange for financial assistance and firearms, the Kuomintang has surrendered the nation to the imperialistic countries and betrayed the people of their territorial and other rights.

- -

The Kuomintang, even with the direct assistance of imperialistic countries, has no hope of success in its 5th anti-communist campaign, because the armed forces of the Chinese labouring and peasant masses are undefeatable when facing Kuomintang troops. The peasant and labouring masses have established their own Soviet Government which has at least one-fourth of the whole population under its control. Workers in Soviet areas are enjoying an 8-hour working day and their wages are increased and their working hours reduced from time to time. Unemployment becomes less and less as time goes on; all peasants are given land; there is no outrageous taxation and there is only one tax which is the progressive tax; poor peasants are completely exempted from taxes; members of Red armies are also given land and other benefits; females are free from ~~from~~ the bondage of the old social system and female workers are given the same pay and work as male workers and also other special treatment. All these are contrary to the existing conditions in territory under Kuomintang control where peasants, labourers and poor people are subject to continuous reduction of pay and increase of working hours, unemployment, loss of land, poverty, starvation, exile, and death.

The Provisional Central Government of the Soviet Republic of China has decided to convene the Second National Congress of Soviet Representatives on December 11 in order to absorb new labour and peasant elements into the government with a view to strengthening the Soviet movement.

The Soviet area in Szechuen has extended to more than 20 Hsiens and the Red Armies in the centre of Kiangsi have gained numerous victories. Therefore the end of the Kuomintang rule is near. The so-called "People's Government" in Fokien is simply a combination of Kuomintang militarists - Li Chi Sung and Chen Ming Chu, etc.- and the Third Party, which has long been despised by labouring and peasant masses. The Fokien Government is not a government that labourers and peasants are in need of, it is

simply an offshoot of the Kuomintang. The Japanese imperialists will now occupy Fokien just as they have occupied Northern China and will directly assist the Kuomintang to attack the Red Armies. It is the time for our labouring and peasant masses to unite under the Chinese Soviet Flag and carry out the revolutionary racial war.

The following are our slogans :-

Commemorate the Canton Uprising and celebrate the Second National Congress of Soviet Representatives by holding meetings, demonstrations and declaring strikes!
Support the Congress and the Soviet Government!
Contribute funds to the Red Armies and organize "Red Army Friendly Societies" and "Soviet Friendly Societies"!
Oppose the surrender of the nation by the Kuomintang to the imperialists and oppose the sale of national rights!
Oppose the recognition of "Manchukuo" !
Oppose the 5th Anti-Communist Campaign of the Kuomintang!
Oppose the White Terrorism of the Kuomintang Fascists!
Continue in the spirit of the Canton Uprising and carry out struggles against imperialism, capitalism and the Kuomintang!
Strive for freedom of speech, assembly, organization and press!
Long live the Canton Uprising!
Long live the Second National Congress of Soviet Representatives!
Long live Soviet China!

Kiangsu Provincial Committee
of the

Chinese Communist Party.

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Dated 11.12.33.

SUBSTITUTED TRANSLATION OF A COMMUNIST MANIFESTO ENTITLED
"RESOLUTIONS TO BE USED IN THE REVOLUTION OF THE PEOPLE OF THE
CANTON UPRISING", ISSUED BY THE CHINESE COMMUNIST PARTY IN
THE CHINESE COMMUNIST PARTY AND DATED DECEMBER 11, 1923.

Labourers and Peasants, unite and commemorate the anniversary
of the Canton Uprising!

The Canton Uprising was the first "harvest" of the Chinese
Soviet!

The Canton Uprising was the vanguard of the Chinese Soviet
Movement and of the Red Armies!

Support the Chinese Soviet Government and the Labourers and
Peasants' Red Army and commemorate the anniversary of the Canton
Uprising!

Support the Second National Congress of Soviet Representatives
and make drastic efforts to elect representatives to the congress!

Oppose the 5th Bandit Suppression Campaign launched by the
Kuomintang; oppose the aerial bombardment of Soviet areas by the
Kuomintang; oppose the surrender of the Kuomintang to the
Imperialists and the betrayal of the people's interests; oppose
the direct negotiations between China and Japan; oppose the
official recognition of Manchukuo, the resumption of postal and
train services with Manchukuo and the establishment of revenue
offices in the vicinity of the Great Wall!

Oppose the partitioning of China by foreign imperialists!

Oppose the "White Terror" of the Kuomintang to massacre the
revolutionary elements of labourers and peasants; oppose the
atrocities of the Fascists in depriving the people of their
freedom!

Oppose the "People's Government" of Fokien which is deceiving
the labourers and peasants; the Soviet alone can show the way-out
to the Chinese labourers and peasants!

Oppose attacks by capitalists, the dismissal of workers, the
reduction of wages and the suspension of operations in factories!

Oppose the suppression of labourers' struggles and strikes;
oppose the betrayal of labourers' interests by the running dogs
of 'Yellow' labour unions!

Oppose outrageous taxation by the Kuomintang as well as its
press-gang policy!

Commence struggles by famine sufferers in winter; seize rice
from shops; make free distribution of food and confiscate
Japanese goods!

Hold meetings, declare a general strike and stage demonstrations
to commemorate the December 11 Anniversary!

Act according to the experience gained in the Canton
Uprising!

Long live the Canton Uprising; long live the Second National
Congress of Soviet Representatives; ~~and~~ long live the Chinese
Soviet!

Kiangsu Provincial Committee
of the
Chinese Communist Party.

TRANSLATION OF A COMMUNIST HANDBILL DATED NOVEMBER 23, 1927, and ENTITLED "MANIFESTO ADDRESSED TO THE TOILING YOUNG MASS IN CELEBRATION OF THE 6TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE CANTON UPRISING", ISSUED BY THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF THE CHINESE COMMUNIST YOUTH LEAGUE.

To the toiling youths throughout the country:

The 6th Anniversary of the Canton Commune and the opening of the Second National Congress of Soviet Representatives will fall on December 11 this year.

On December 11, 1927, the peasants and soldiers, led by the Chinese proletariat, overthrew by armed uprising, the evil Kuomintang rule and replaced it with a Soviet regime of the people. This was the first movement of independence and emancipation proclaimed in China, whereby all unequal treaties were abolished, all properties of Kuomintang officials and landlords confiscated, the 8-hour working system enforced and an armed Red Army organized.

The Canton Commune, however, existed only for two and half days for it suffered suppression at the hands of the Kuomintang with the assistance of the imperialists. The Kuomintang savagely killed thousands of the toiling masses, mostly juvenile workers, set fire to the Soviet Consulate, murdered Soviet consular officials and even slandered the Soviet Union, the supporter of the Chinese Revolution.

The Canton Commune has revealed that the overthrow of the Kuomintang rule and the establishment of Soviet regime may be carried out only by labourers and peasants under the leadership of the proletariat.

With the approach of the 6th Anniversary of the Canton Commune, the toiling young masses throughout the country should be guided by the sanguinary experiences in the Canton Uprising and struggle in conjunction with the Red Army for the successful organization of a Soviet China and to realize the unfulfilled ambitions of the thousands of warriors who were killed during the incident in Canton.

2

THE FOLLOWING IS A STATEMENT MADE BY AN ENTITLED
"OPEN LETTER TO THE TOILING YOUTHS IN CONNECTION WITH THE
5TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE CANTON UPRISING," ISSUED BY THE
KIANGSU PROVINCIAL COMMITTEE OF THE CHINESE COMMUNIST
YOUTH LEAGUE, DATED DECEMBER 11, 1933.

To young labourers, peasants, soldiers and other revolutionary youths in Kiangsu:-

The anniversary of the glorious Canton uprising is again approaching.

On this date six years ago the Chinese toiling masses, led by the proletarian classes, overthrew, by force of arms, the reactionary Kuomintang rule in Canton and established in its place a Soviet regime. For the first time, the flag of the labouring and peasant masses was hoisted in China. Although the Soviet regime in Canton was suppressed by the savage white terror of the imperialistic Kuomintang after an existence lasting three days, nevertheless during this short period of time it had proclaimed the Soviet laws, enforced an 8-hour working system, confiscated the banks as well as the properties of the imperialistic Kuomintang and capitalists and brought emancipation and freedom to all labourers, peasants and toiling masses.

The Canton Uprising has impressed upon the Chinese toiling masses that the Soviet is the channel of salvation and that under the guidance of the proletariat and by means of armed uprising, they will secure emancipation.

This year's anniversary of the Canton Uprising coincides with the opening of the Second National Congress of Soviet Representatives. The Red flag is flying over many places in China such as Kiangsi, Fokien, Hunan, Kupeh, Honan, Szechuen, Shensi and Kansu and hundreds of thousands of toiling masses have been liberated from Kuomintang oppression and are now enjoying improved living conditions under a Soviet regime.

The Kuomintang is massacring Chinese toiling youths and attacking the Chinese Soviet Red Army more cruelly than it did in 1927. It has betrayed the nation to Japan and other imperialists and has launched a 5th suppression campaign against the Red Army.

On the anniversary of the Canton Uprising, the toiling

(2)

masses should observe the following slogans:-

- 1) Cease work, farming, drilling and study to commemorate the anniversary!
- 2) Stage processions and demonstrations on that day!
- 3) Celebrate the Second National Congress of Soviet Representatives!
- 4) Oppose the White Terror of the Kuomintang Fascist!

Kiangsu Provincial Committee
of the
Chinese Communist Youth League,
December 11, 1933.

SUMMARIZED TRANSLATION OF A COMMUNIST HANDBILL ENTITLED "MANIFESTO
IN COMMEMORATION OF THE CANTON UPRISING AND IN CELEBRATION OF THE
SECOND NATIONAL CONGRESS OF SOVIET REPRESENTATIVES," ISSUED BY THE
PROPAGANDA SECTION OF THE SHANGHAI EASTERN DISTRICT COMMITTEE OF
THE CHINESE COMMUNIST PARTY.

To dear labour friends and other oppressed masses,

The Anniversary of the Canton Uprising is approaching!

It was on December 11, 1927, that the toiling masses in Canton, unable any longer to bear the oppression and massacre at the hands of the capitalists, started an armed uprising and overthrew the capitalistic regime, replacing it with a Soviet Government of their own. Although this revolution was suppressed three days later, its great significance shall remain for ever. This uprising introduced revolutionary influence into China. Two years ago Ju-king, Kiangse, was made the seat of the Chinese Soviet Government, under whose leadership 100,000,000 toiling people have been liberated from the yoke of the imperialistic Kuomintang.

To-day is the 6th Anniversary of the Canton Uprising.

It is also the Opening of the Second National Congress of Soviet Representatives.

Labour friends, we must not forget that we are the enemies of anti-revolutionaries. We should unite, declare strikes and stage demonstrations to commemorate the Anniversary of the Canton Uprising and to celebrate the Second National Congress of Soviet Representatives.

Propaganda Section
of the
Eastern District Committee
of the
Chinese Communist Party.

FM. 1

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE	
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.	
Memorandum.	
No. <u>D</u>	POLICE FORCE
Date	MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.
Shanghai, 1933	

To _____

Confidential letter No.97 from
Shanghai Bureau of Public Safety,
dated December 6, 1933.

Subject: Conveying information
that communists plan to cause dis-
turbances locally during the
eight days ending Dec. 13, 1933.

*Reply not
necessary.*
S2
*Please verify and
report early. The letter
should be sent to Central
Registry when acknowledged.*
W. C. [Signature]

Translation of Letter No.97 dated December 6, 1933
from the Shanghai Public Safety Bureau

Police Headquarters,

S. M. P.

According to confidential report local communists have decided to mobilize all adherents and make their appearance in the form of "Light Cavalry Groups" in Chapei and Wantan^o under the pretext of letting off balloons on the 6, 7, 8th inst. Really they will disseminate handbills and stir up disturbances.

It is further learned that in the event of no satisfactory results being obtained during these three days and in order to eventually crown their efforts with success, local 'Red' adherents will continue their activities on the 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th inst, emphasis being laid on the 11th, Anniversary of Canton Uprising, on which date they will intensify their propaganda and precipitate demonstrations.

Apart from reporting to my superiors and addressing those concerned, I have to inform you of the above and shall be glad if you will kindly instruct your subordinates to take precaution and to effect arrest of those found disturbing peace and good order.

Wen Hung-en,
Chief of Public Safety Bureau.

No. _____



POLICE FORCE.
COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.
P. O. BOX NO. 188

Shanghai Municipal Council.

December 6 1933.

Sir,

I have to acknowledge, with thanks, receipt of your letter No.89 of December 3,1933, regarding plans of Communists to organize a "Red Flag Movement Society" and disseminate red flags in commemoration of the anniversary of the Canton Uprising and to inform you that the matter will receive attention.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

Commissioner of Police.

General Wen Hung En,

Chief of the Public Safety Bureau,

Municipality of Greater Shanghai.

December 6 33.

Sir,

I have to acknowledge, with thanks, receipt of your letter No.89 of December 3,1933, regarding plans of Communists to organize a "Red Flag Movement Society" and disseminate red flags in commemoration of the anniversary of the Canton Uprising and to inform you that the matter will receive attention.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

4
Commissioner of Police.

General Wen Hung En,

Chief of the Public Safety Bureau,

Municipality of Greater Shanghai.

JMS

No. D. _____

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

Translation of Despatch bearing Character TUNG No. 89 from the Bureau of Public Safety of the Municipality of Greater Shanghai.

December 3, 1933.

Confidential.

To

Messrs. Police Department,
Shanghai Municipal Council.

Sirs,

The Privy Chamber of the Municipality of Greater Shanghai has transmitted to us a copy of the following communication from the General Office of the Military Affairs Committee:-

"According to a report, the Communists have decided to organize a "Red Flag Movement Society" in commemoration of the anniversary of the Canton Uprising in 1927 ten days in advance. Meantime, every branch party office in each section has been ordered to select three groups for the purpose of disseminating red flags. Each group will prepare ten such flags and the method of hoisting them is to tie a piece of stone with a piece of hemp string to a corner of the flag and throw them up on to a wire by the roadway in all congested centres. For your information and attention please."

In consequence of the foregoing, I, apart from ordering my subordinates to detail "plain clothes" to detect and to take any persons who are found to either disseminate or hoist red flags into custody, and notify the parties concerned, I request that you take note and instruct the men under your command to be on the alert please.

- 2 -

(Signed): Wen Hung-en,
Chief of the Bureau.

SHO:

Rel. 1/10
whv

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

REPORT

S. 2, Special Branch, Shanghai

Date November 27, 1933.

Subject (in full) Instructions issued by the Chinese Communist Party in connection with the 6th Anniversary of the Canton Uprising - December 11.

Made by D. I. Kuo Pao-hwa

Forwarded by *S. A. Kuo Pao-hwa*

Agents A-2237 and A-3252 report that the Headquarters of the local Chinese Communist Party recently issued the following instructions to its various subsidiary district committees in connection with the intensification of the propaganda movement scheduled to take place prior to the occasion of the 6th Anniversary of the Canton Uprising, which falls on December 11 :-

Instructions to District Committees

- (1) All "Cells" under the control of District Committees to prepare at least three red cloth banners bearing the Soviet insignia, size about 12" x 18", and to detail members to display them on shop fronts, trees and electric standards in their respective areas. Persons undertaking this work will be referred to as members of the "Red Banner Group."
- (2) District Committees should despatch "Propaganda Groups" to the neighbourhood of labourers' dormitories to expound communist propaganda on the significance of the forthcoming anniversary on the following lines :-
 - a) Opposition to the "White Terror" methods employed by the Chinese Fascists.
 - b) Support people's anti-Imperialist movements.
 - c) Rescue anti-Fascist and anti-Imperialist warriors.
 - d) Investigate and disclose the treacherous policy of the Kuomintang and eliminate the traitors of the people.
 - e) Solicit contributions to buy comforts for the members of the "Dog Beating Groups" (Assassination Corps) at present detained in custody by the Municipal Police.

S. 2
Return a
summary of
everything with
which they come
to hand
HB

S. 2. Kuo
HB
2/1/33

Officer i/c Special Branch.

Kuo Pao-hwa

D. I.